

RATIFICATIONS,  
ETC.



Treaty Series No. 78 (1988)

**FIRST  
SUPPLEMENTARY LIST  
OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS,  
WITHDRAWALS, ETC., FOR 1988**

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 62 (1987), Cm 345]

*Presented to Parliament  
by the Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs  
by Command of Her Majesty  
March 1989*

**LONDON  
HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE  
£3.40 net**

# FIRST SUPPLEMENTARY LIST OF RATIFICATIONS, ACCESSIONS, WITHDRAWALS, ETC. FOR 1988

[In continuation of Treaty Series No. 62 (1987), Cm 345]

*N.B.* Unless otherwise stated, the dates given herein are the dates of deposit of the ratifications, etc. and are not necessarily effective dates, which must normally be determined from the terms of the treaties concerned.

Declarations, reservations etc. are given only in English, being either the texts of the originals or, alternatively, translations from foreign language texts. In the latter case, the translations given are not in all cases official or authoritative; for an authoritative statement, the foreign language text of the original should be consulted.

This publication contains information received up to 31 March 1988.

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<b>AGRICULTURE</b>		
Agreement on the Reconstitution of the Commonwealth Agricultural Bureaux as CAB International with Agreed Minute .. .. .	London, 8 July, 1986	59/1987 Cm 387
Ratification— Mauritius .. .. .	8 Jan., 1988	
<b>ANIMALS</b>		
<i>see</i> CONSERVATION		
<b>AVIATION</b>		
International Air Services Transit Agreement .. .. .	Chicago, 7 Dec., 1944	8/1953 Cmd. 8742
Acceptance— Vanuatu .. .. .	14 Jan., 1988	
<b>BROADCASTING</b>		
International Convention concerning the Use of Broadcasting in the Cause of Peace .. .. .	Geneva, 23 Sept., 1936	29/1938 Cmd. 5714
Accession— Mongolia (with Reservation and Declarations*) .. .. .	5 Dec., 1985	
*Reservation [translation] The Mongolian People's Republic does not consider itself bound by the provisions of Article 7 of the Convention under which disputes concerning the interpretation or application of the Convention and which has not been settled by means of negotiations shall be submitted to arbitration or to judicial settlement at the request of one of the Parties to the dispute. The Mongolian People's Republic considers that for the submission of a dispute to any judicial settlement, the consent of all Parties to the dispute shall be essential in every individual case.		
<i>Declarations</i> The Mongolian People's Republic declares that it retains the right to take any measures to preserve its interests both in the event of failure by other states to observe the provisions of the Convention and in the event of encroachment on the interests of the Mongolian People's Republic; The Mongolian People's Republic declares that the provisions of Article 14 of this Convention are obsolete and contradict the Declaration on the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples adopted by the United Nations General Assembly resolution 1514/XV of 14 December 1960.		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<b>CONSERVATION</b>		
<p><b>Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats</b> . . . . .</p>	<p>Berne, 19 Sept., 1979</p>	<p>56/1982 Cmnd. 8738</p>
<p><b>Note—</b>  Withdrawal of reservation contained in a letter from the Permanent Representative of the <i>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</i> dated 28 January 1988, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 1 February 1988, as follows:  “I have the honour to refer to my letter of 26 March 1987 in which I gave notice of the withdrawal of the reservations made at the time of ratification of the Convention on the Conservation of European Wildlife and Natural Habitats in respect of Northern Ireland (<i>see Treaty Series No. 47 (1987), Cm 217, p. 4</i>).  In giving notice of the withdrawal I took the opportunity to revise the reservations in respect of Great Britain. Unfortunately, in the course of this revision a reservation in respect of the use against seals of semi-automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition was inadvertently added to the amended list of Reservations to Article 22 of the Convention.  The addition is contrary to the provisions of Article 22 and I hereby formally withdraw it. I have pleasure in enclosing a further revised version of the list of reservations for Great Britain.”</p>		
<p><b>GREAT BRITAIN</b>  Reservations are made, as set out below, in respect of the prohibitions listed in Appendix IV.</p>		
<p><b>Hares</b>  Snares (except for self-locking snares)  Tape Recorders  Electrical Devices capable of killing and stunning  Artificial light sources  Mirrors and other dazzling devices  Devices for illuminating targets  Sighting devices for night shooting comprising an electronic image magnifier or image converter  Nets  Traps  Semi-automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition  Aircraft  Motor vehicles in motion</p>		
<p><b>Stoats</b>  A reservation is made on prohibited methods as for Hare above, with the addition of gassing or smoking out.</p>		
<p><b>Weasels</b>  A reservation is made on prohibited methods as for Hare above, with the addition of gassing or smoking out.</p>		
<p><b>Deer in England and Wales</b>  Red Deer: (<i>Cervus elaphus</i>) Stags from 1 August to 30 April inclusive; Hinds from 1 November to 29 February inclusive.  Fallow Deer: (<i>Dama dama</i>) Buck from 1 August to 30 April inclusive; Doe from 1 November to 29 February inclusive.  Roe Deer: (<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>) Buck from 1 April to 31 October inclusive; Doe from 1 November to 29 February inclusive.  Sika Deer: (<i>Cervus nippon</i>) Stags from 1 August to 30 April inclusive; Hinds from 1 November to 29 February inclusive.  For any person entering land with the consent of the owner/occupier/lawful authority (unless subject to limited</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.				
<b>CONSERVATION (continued)</b>						
exception under S10, 10A, and 11 of the Deer Act 1963 as amended by Schedule 7 to the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981).						
Tape Recorders Electrical Devices capable of killing and stunning Mirrors and other dazzling devices Semi-automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition (except for other extensive prohibitions on firearms, weapons and ammunition) Devices for illuminating targets						
<b>Deer in Scotland</b>						
For lawful killing under the Deer (Scotland) Act 1959 as amended:						
Tape Recorders Artificial light sources Mirrors and other dazzling devices Devices for illuminating targets Semi-automatic weapons with a magazine capable of holding more than two rounds of ammunition Aircraft						
<b>Open Seasons in Scotland</b>						
<table border="0"> <tr> <td data-bbox="270 956 598 1109"><i>Species</i> Red Deer (<i>Cervus elaphus</i>), Sika Deer (<i>Cervus nippon</i>) and Red/Sika Deer hybrids (<i>Cervus elaphus/Cervus nippon</i>) Fallow Deer (<i>Dama dama</i>)</td> <td data-bbox="618 956 883 1284"><i>Open seasons</i> Male, 1 July–20 October inclusive Female, 21 October– 15 February inclusive Male, 1 August–30 April inclusive Female, 21 October– 15 February inclusive Male, 1 April– 30 October inclusive Female, 21 October– 31 March inclusive</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="270 1181 495 1233">Roe Deer (<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>)</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	<i>Species</i> Red Deer ( <i>Cervus elaphus</i> ), Sika Deer ( <i>Cervus nippon</i> ) and Red/Sika Deer hybrids ( <i>Cervus elaphus/Cervus nippon</i> ) Fallow Deer ( <i>Dama dama</i> )	<i>Open seasons</i> Male, 1 July–20 October inclusive Female, 21 October– 15 February inclusive Male, 1 August–30 April inclusive Female, 21 October– 15 February inclusive Male, 1 April– 30 October inclusive Female, 21 October– 31 March inclusive	Roe Deer ( <i>Capreolus capreolus</i> )			
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Roe Deer ( <i>Capreolus capreolus</i> )						
<b>Seals</b>						
Grey Seal from 1 January to 31 August inclusive Common Seal from 1 September to 31 May inclusive Tape Recorders Electrical Devices capable of killing and stunning Artificial light sources Mirrors and other dazzling devices Devices for illuminating targets Sighting devices for night shooting comprising an electronic image magnifier or image converter Nets Traps Any rifle using ammunition having a muzzle energy of not less than 600 footpounds and a bullet weighing not less than 45 grains Aircraft Motor vehicles in motion						
<b>CONSULAR RELATIONS</b>						
Vienna Convention on Consular Relations .. .. .	Vienna, 24 Apr., 1963	14/1973 Cmnd. 5219				
Succession— Dominica .. .. .	3 Nov., 1978 (effective date)					

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>CULTURAL PROPERTY</b>		
<b>Convention for the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage</b> .. .. .	Paris 23 Nov., 1972	2/1985 Cmnd. 9424
Ratification— Congo .. .. .	10 Dec., 1987	
Acceptances— Thailand .. .. .	17 Sept., 1987	
Uganda .. .. .	20 Nov., 1987	
Vietnam .. .. .	19 Oct., 1987	
<b>CUSTOMS</b>		
<b>Convention on Nomenclature for the Classification of Goods in Customs Tariffs with Protocol of Amendment of 1 July, 1955</b>	Brussels, 15 Dec., 1950	29/1960 Cmnd. 1070
Denunciations— Israel .. .. .	<i>Effective dates</i> 9 Dec., 1988	
Malaysia .. .. .	22 Dec., 1988	
Switzerland .. .. .	31 Dec., 1988	
<b>DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS</b>		
<b>Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations</b> .. .. .	Vienna, 18 Apr., 1961	19/1965 Cmnd. 2565
Accession— Samoa .. .. .	26 Oct., 1987	
Succession— Dominica .. .. .	3 Nov., 1978 (effective date)	
<b>DISARMAMENT</b>		
<b>Treaty Banning Nuclear Weapon Tests in the Atmosphere, in Outer Space and Under Water</b> .. .. .	Moscow, 5 Aug., 1963	3/1964 Cmnd. 2245
Ratification in London— Pakistan .. .. .	3 Mar., 1988	
<b>DRUGS</b>		
<i>See also UNITED STATES OF AMERICA</i>		
<b>Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961</b> .. .. .	New York, 30 Mar., 1961	34/1965 Cmnd. 2631
Accession— Brunei .. .. .	25 Nov., 1987	
<b>Protocol amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, concluded at Geneva on 25 March 1972</b> ( <i>see</i> Miscellaneous Series No. 19 (1976), Cmnd. 6487)		
Accessions— Brunei* .. .. .	25 Nov., 1987	
Hungary† .. .. .	12 Nov., 1987	
*In accordance with paragraphs 2 of their respective Articles 41 and 18, the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs as well as the Protocol will enter into force for Brunei on 25 December		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>DRUGS (continued)</b>		
1987, ie the thirtieth day after the date of the deposit of its respective instruments. Consequently, Brunei will become on the same date a party to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, done at New York on 8 August 1975 (see Treaty Series No. 23 (1979), Cmnd. 7466).		
†In accordance with its Article 18(2), the Protocol entered into force for Hungary on 12 December 1987, ie the thirtieth day after the date of the deposit of the instrument. Consequently, Hungary will become on the same date a party to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, as amended by the Protocol of 25 March 1972 amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, done at New York on 8 August 1975 (see Treaty Series No. 23 (1979), Cmnd. 7466).		
<b>EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES</b>		
<b>Agreement</b> amending the Annex to the Statute of the European School laying down the Regulations for the European Baccalaureate .. .. .	Luxembourg, 19 June, 1978	1/1981 Cmnd. 8083
<b>Accession—</b> Greece (with declaration*) .. .. .	20 May, 1987	
<b>*Declaration</b> Greece declared that the accession has retroactive effect from 1 September 1980		
<b>EXPOSITIONS</b>		
<b>Protocol</b> revising the Convention signed at Paris on 22 November 1928 relating to International Exhibitions ..	Paris 30 Nov., 1972	21/1983 Cmnd. 8863
<b>Denunciation—</b> El Salvador .. .. .	5 Oct., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>EXTRADITION</b>		
<i>see</i> UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
<b>HUMAN RIGHTS</b>		
<b>Convention</b> on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide .. .. .	Paris, 9 Dec., 1948	58/1970 Cmnd. 4421
On 30 December 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of the <i>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</i> the following objection with regard to a reservation made by Democratic Yemen (see Treaty Series No. 47 (1987), Cm 217, p. 9): “The Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland have consistently stated that they are unable to accept reservations in respect of Article IX of the said Convention; in their view this is not the kind of reservation which intending parties to the Convention have the right to make. Accordingly the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland do not accept the reservation entered by the People’s Democratic Republic of Yemen against Article IX of the Convention.”		
<b>Convention</b> for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms .. .. .	Rome, 4 Nov., 1950	71/1953 Cmd. 8969
<b>Renewal of Declaration</b> under Article 25— Italy .. .. .	1 Jan., 1988 (for three years)	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<p><b>HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)</b> Renewal of Declaration under Article 46— Italy .. .. .</p>	<p>1 Jan., 1988 (for three years)</p>	
<p><b>Protocol to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms .. .. .</b></p>	<p>Paris, 20 Mar., 1952</p>	<p>46/1954 Cmd. 9221</p>
<p>Note— Declaration by the Government of the <i>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</i> registered with the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 25 February 1988, as follows: “In accordance with Article 4 of the said Protocol I hereby declare, on behalf of the Government of the United Kingdom, that the Protocol shall apply to: The Bailiwick of Guernsey The Bailiwick of Jersey Anguilla British Virgin Islands Cayman Islands Gibraltar Montserrat St. Helena St. Helena Dependencies Turks and Caicos Islands, being territories for whose international relations the Government of the United Kingdom are responsible, subject to the following reservations: 1. In view of certain provisions of the Education (Guernsey) Laws and of the Education Ordinance of Gibraltar, the principle affirmed in the second sentence of Article 2 is accepted by the United Kingdom only so far as it is compatible with the provision of efficient instruction and training, and the avoidance of unreasonable public expenditure in Guernsey and Gibraltar. 2. The principle affirmed in the second sentence of Article 2 is accepted by the United Kingdom only insofar as it does not affect the application of the following legal provisions: (i) the common law of Anguilla which permits the imposition by teachers of moderate and reasonable corporal punishment; (ii) section 26 of the Education Act 1977 of the British Virgin Islands (which permits the administration of corporal punishment to a pupil only where no other punishment is considered suitable or effective and only by the principal or any teacher appointed by the principal for that purpose); (iii) section 30 of the Education Law 1983 of the Cayman Islands (which permits the administration of corporal punishment to a pupil only where no other punishment is considered suitable or effective and only by the principal or any teacher appointed in writing by him for that purpose); (iv) the common law of Montserrat which permits the imposition by teachers of moderate and reasonable corporal punishment; (v) the law of St. Helena, which permits the administration by teachers of reasonable corporal punishment; and section 6 of the Children and Young Persons Ordinance 1965 of St. Helena (which states that the right of a teacher to administer such punishment is not affected by the provisions of that section which relate to the offence of cruelty to children); (vi) the law of St. Helena Dependencies, which permits the administration by teachers of reasonable corporal punishment; and section 6 of the Children and Young Persons Ordinance 1965 of St. Helena (which states that the right of a teacher to administer such</p>		

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<b>HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)</b>		
<p>punishment is not affected by the provisions of that section which relate to the offence of cruelty to children);</p> <p>(vii) the common law of the Turks and Caicos Islands which permits the administration by teachers of reasonable corporal punishment; and section 5 of the Juveniles Ordinance (Chapter 28) of the Turks and Caicos Islands (which states that the right of a teacher to administer such punishment is not affected by the provisions of that section which relate to the offence of cruelty to juveniles)."</p>		
<p><b>International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights</b> . . . .</p> <p><i>Derogations under Article 4:</i></p>	<p>New York, 19 Dec., 1966</p>	<p>6/1977 Cmnd. 6702</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">I</p> <p>On 4 August 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru a notification dated 25 July 1987, to the effect that the Government of Peru had declared a state of emergency for a period of 60 days, starting from 25 July 1987, in the following areas:</p> <p>Provinces of Cangallo, Huamanga, Huanta, La Mar, Victor Fajardo, Huancasancos, Vilcashuamán and Sucre (Department of Ayacucho);</p> <p>Provinces of Acobamba, Angaraes, Castrovirreyna, Huancavelica, Tayacaja, Huaytara and Churcampa (Department of Huancavelica);</p> <p>Province of Chincheros (Department of Apurimac);</p> <p>Province of Ambo and District of Monzón of the Province of Huamalies.</p> <p>The notification specifies that the state of emergency had been declared owing to the continuing acts of terrorism and sabotage in those regions.</p> <p>As a result, Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant are being derogated from for the said period of time; the notification further specifies that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall continue to exercise political and military control of the areas in question.</p>		
<p>On 13 and 27 August 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru two notifications dated 7 and 19 August 1987, respectively, to the effect that the Government of Peru had declared or extended a state of emergency as follows:</p> <p>A state of emergency in the Provinces of Daniel Alcides Carrión and Pasco (Department of Pasco) had been declared for a period of 60 days, starting from 7 August 1987.</p> <p>The state of emergency in the Provinces of Lima and Callao had been extended for a period of 30 days, starting from 19 August 1987.</p> <p>As a result, Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant are being or are still being derogated from in those provinces for the said periods of time; the notifications specify that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall maintain responsibility for domestic public order in the provinces in question and that with respect to Article 21 of the Covenant, the prefectural authority shall issue the appropriate regulations governing the exercise of the right of assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the said Article 21.</p>	III	
<p>On 23 September 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru a notification dated 13 September 1987, to the effect that, because of continued acts of violence and sabotage, the Government of Peru had extended the state of emergency in the following areas for a period of 60 days, starting 13 September 1987:</p> <p>Province of Leoncio Prado and District of Chólon of the Province of Marañón (Department of Huánuco)</p> <p>Provinces of Mariscal Cáceres and Tocache (Department of San Martín)</p>		



	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<b>HUMAN RIGHTS (continued)</b>		
<p>As a result, Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant will continue to be derogated from for the said period of time; the notification further specifies that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall continue to exercise political and military control of the areas in question.</p>		
IV		
<p>On 23 September 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru a notification dated 21 September 1987, to the effect that the state of emergency in the Provinces of Lima and Callao had been extended for a period of 30 days starting from 21 September 1987.</p>		
<p>As a result, the Government of Peru continued to derogate from Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant for the said period of time; the notification specifies that with respect to Article 21 of the Covenant, the prefectural authority shall issue the appropriate regulations governing the exercise of the right of assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the said Article.</p>		
V		
<p>On 9 October 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru two notifications dated respectively 3 October 1987 and 5 October 1987, to the effect that the Government of Peru had on the one hand declared a state of emergency for a period of 60 days, starting from 23 September 1987 in the Provinces of Abancay, Aymares, Antabamba, Andahuaylas and Grau (Department of Apurímac) and on the other hand extended the state of emergency in the Provinces of Daniel Alcides Carrión and Pasco (Department of Pasco) for 60 days as of 5 October 1987.</p>		
<p>As a result, Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant are being derogated from for the said period of time; the notifications further specify that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall continue to exercise political and military control of the areas in question.</p>		
VI		
<p>On 4 November 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru a notification dated 23 October 1987, to the effect that the Government of Peru had extended the state of emergency for a period of 30 days as of 21 October 1987 in the Provinces of Lima and Callao.</p>		
<p>As a result, the Government of Peru continued to derogate from Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant for the said period of time; the notification specifies that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall maintain responsibility for domestic public order in those regions and that with respect to Article 21 of the Covenant, the prefectural authority shall issue the appropriate regulations governing the exercise of the right of assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the said Article 21 of the Covenant.</p>		
VII		
<p>On 23 December 1987, the Secretary-General of the United Nations received from the Government of Peru a notification dated 19 December 1987 to the effect that the Government of Peru had extended the state of emergency for a period of 30 days as of 17 December 1987 in the Provinces of Lima and Callao.</p>		
<p>As a result, the Government of Peru continued to derogate from Articles 9, 12, 17 and 21 of the Covenant for the said period of time; the notification specifies that during the state of emergency, the Armed Forces shall maintain responsibility for domestic public order in those regions and that with respect to Article 21 of the Covenant, the prefectural authority shall issue the appropriate regulations governing the exercise of the right of assembly, in accordance with the provisions of the said Article 21 of the Covenant.</p>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY</b>		
<b>Convention on the Control and Marking of Articles of Precious Metals</b> .. .. .	Vienna, 15 Nov., 1972	53/1978 Cmnd. 7219
Accession— Denmark (with declaration*) .. .. .	17 Nov., 1987	
*The instrument contains a declaration that the Convention shall not apply to the Faroe Islands and Greenland.		
<b>Universal Copyright Convention as revised (with Protocols 1 and 2)</b> .. .. .	Paris, 24 July, 1971	9/1975 Cmnd. 5844
Note— On 5 November 1987 the Government of the <i>Republic of Korea</i> deposited with the Director-General of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization a notification, in conformity with Article <i>Vbis</i> of the above-mentioned Convention, indicating that the Government of the Republic of Korea shall avail itself of all the exceptions provided for in Articles <i>Vter</i> and <i>Vquater</i> of the Convention ( <i>see</i> Treaty Series No. 62 (1987), Cm 345, p. 10).		
<b>Convention establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization</b> .. .. .	Stockholm, 14 July, 1967	52/1970 Cmnd. 4408
Ratification— Ecuador .. .. .	22 Feb., 1988	
<b>Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Micro-organisms for the Purposes of Patent Procedure</b>	Budapest, 28 Apr., 1977	5/1981 Cmnd. 8136
Accession— Korea, Republic of .. .. .	28 Dec., 1987	
<b>LAW</b>		
<b>European Convention on Spectator Violence and Misbehaviour at Sports Events and in particular at Football Matches</b>	Strasbourg, 19 Aug., 1985	57/1985 Cmnd. 9649
Ratifications— Austria .. .. . Luxembourg (with declaration*) .. .. .	4 Feb., 1988 10 Feb., 1988	
*Declaration [translation] <i>Article 8</i> The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg designates the Ministry for Physical Education and Sports to ensure and co-ordinate the representation of Luxembourg on the Standing Committee, established by Article 8 of the Convention.		
<b>MARITIME LAW</b>		
<i>See SHIPPING</i>		
<b>PASSPORTS</b>		
<b>European Agreement on Travel by Young Persons on Collective Passports between the member countries of the Council of Europe</b> .. .. .	Paris, 16 Dec., 1961	52/1964 Cmnd. 2482
Note— In a letter registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 29 January 1988, the Government of <i>Portugal</i> withdrew a reservation made on ratification ( <i>see</i> Treaty Series No. 30 (1985), Cmnd. 9559, p. 15) as follows:		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>PASSPORTS (continued)</b>		
[ <i>Translation</i> ]		
Portugal has decided to withdraw the reservation related to Article 5 of the European Agreement on Travel by Young Persons on Collective Passports between the member Countries of the Council of Europe, made on 24 September 1984 on the occasion of the ratification.		
From now on, Portugal will accept that each collective travel document may include the maximum number of fifty names.		
<b>POLLUTION</b>		
<b>International Convention</b> for the Prevention of Pollution of the Sea by Oil, 1954, as amended ( <i>see</i> Treaty Series No. 59 (1967), Cmnd. 3354 and Treaty Series No. 21 (1978), Cmnd. 7094)	London, 12 May, 1954	56/1958 Cmnd. 595
Denunciation— Australia .. .. .	14 Oct., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>International Convention</b> relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Oil Pollution Casualties .. .. .	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969	77/1975 Cmnd. 6056
Ratification— Switzerland .. .. .	15 Dec., 1987	
<b>International Convention</b> on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage .. .. .	Brussels, 29 Nov., 1969	106/1975 Cmnd. 6183
Ratification— Switzerland .. .. .	15 Dec., 1987	
Note— The Secretary-General of the International Maritime Organization has received the following communication dated 4 November 1987 from the <i>Union of Soviet Socialist Republics</i> regarding the accession of Peru ( <i>see</i> Treaty Series No. 47 (1987), Cm 217, p. 19):		
[ <i>Translation</i> ]		
In connection with the reservation made by the Government of the Republic of Peru when depositing the instrument of accession to the International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969, on 24 February 1987 (document IMO CLC/Circ. 79 of 17 March 1987), Soviet Side has the honour to confirm its position in accordance with which a coastal State has no right to claim an extension of its sovereignty to sea areas beyond the outer limit of its territorial waters the maximum breadth of which in accordance with international law cannot exceed 12 nautical miles.		
<b>Protocol</b> relating to Intervention on the High Seas in Cases of Pollution by Substances other than Oil, 1973 .. .. .	London 2 Nov., 1973	27/1983 Cmnd. 8924
Accessions— Portugal .. .. . Switzerland .. .. .	8 July, 1987 15 Dec., 1987	
<b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW</b>		
<b>Convention</b> on the Taking of Evidence abroad in Civil or Commercial Matters .. .. .	The Hague 18 Mar., 1970	20/1977 Cmnd. 6727
Note— The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of the <i>Argentine Republic</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:		
Czechoslovakia .. .. .	12 Feb., 1988	
France .. .. .	12 Nov., 1987	
Norway .. .. .	28 Jan., 1988	

	Date	Treaty Series and Command Nos.
<b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)</b>		
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland— acceptance is also in respect of Anguilla, the Cayman Islands, the Falkland Islands, Gibraltar, Guernsey, Hong Kong, the Isle of Man, South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands and the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus .. .. .	12 Feb., 1988	
United States of America .. .. .	1 Dec., 1987	
The following State declared its acceptance of the accession of <i>Cyprus</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:		
United States of America .. .. .	1 Dec., 1987	
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Monaco</i> to the above-mentioned Convention:		
France .. .. .	4 Nov., 1987	
United States of America .. .. .	1 Dec., 1987	
In accordance with Article 39 the Convention will enter into force between <i>Argentina</i> and—		
Czechoslovakia .. .. .	11 Apr., 1988	
France .. .. .	11 Jan., 1988	
Norway .. .. .	28 March, 1988	
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland— also in respect of Anguilla, the Cayman Islands, the Falkland Islands, Gibraltar, Guernsey, Hong Kong, the Isle of Man, South Georgia and South Sandwich Islands and the Sovereign Base Areas of Akrotiri and Dhekelia in the Island of Cyprus .. .. .	11 Apr., 1988	
United States of America .. .. .	30 Jan., 1988	
<i>Cyprus</i> and—		
United States of America .. .. .	30 Jan., 1988	
<i>Monaco</i> and—		
France .. .. .	3 Jan., 1988	
United States of America .. .. .	30 Jan., 1988	
Note—		
In accordance with Article 35 of the Convention the Government of the <i>Argentine Republic</i> designated the following competent authority: Ministerio de Relaciones Exteriores y Culto Reconquista 1088 Buenos Aires		
<b>European Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Decisions concerning Custody of Children and on Restoration of Custody of Children .. .. .</b>	Luxembourg, 20 May., 1980	35/1987 Cm 191
Note—		
By a Note Verbal dated 18 December 1987, registered at the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe on 21 December 1987, <i>France</i> withdrew its reservation made on approval of the above-mentioned Convention which stated that in cases covered by Articles 8 and 9, the recognition and enforcement of decisions relating to custody may be refused on the grounds provided under Article 10 of the Convention.		
<b>Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction .. .. .</b>	The Hague 25 Oct., 1980	66/1986 Cm 33
Extension—		
Northwest Territories (with declaration and reservation*)	26 Jan., 1988	
*Declaration		
"Central Authority		
In accordance with the provisions of Article 6, paragraph 2, the Minister of Justice of the Northwest Territories is designated as the Central Authority for the Northwest Territories.		
Reservation		
In accordance with the provisions of Article 42, and pursuant to Article 26, paragraph 3, the Government of Canada declares that, with respect to applications submitted under the Convention concerning the Northwest Territories, Canada will		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)</b>		
assume the costs referred to in paragraph 2 of Article 26 only insofar as these costs are covered by the system of legal aid of the Northwest Territories.”		
Note—		
The following States declared their acceptance of the accession of <i>Hungary</i> to the above-mentioned Convention—		
Australia .. .. .	7 Dec., 1987	
Canada .. .. .	26 Jan., 1988	
In accordance with Article 38, paragraph 5, the Convention will enter into force between <i>Hungary</i> and		
Australia .. .. .	1 Mar., 1988	
Canada .. .. .	1 Apr., 1988	
<b>Convention on the Transfer of Sentenced Persons</b> .. ..	Strasbourg, 21 Mar., 1983	51/1985 Cmnd. 9617
Ratifications—		
Greece (with declarations*) .. .. .	17 Dec., 1987	
Switzerland (with declarations†) .. .. .	15 Jan., 1988	
<i>*Declarations [translation]</i>		
<i>Article 3, paragraph 3</i>		
Greece declares that it excludes the application of the procedure provided in Article 9.1 b.		
By way of exception, if a sentenced person cannot be transferred to Greece according to the procedure provided in Article 9.1 a, the Greek Ministry of Justice is competent to decide whether the procedure provided in Article 9.1 b will be followed.		
<i>Article 3, paragraph 4</i>		
Greece declares that nationality is determined by the provisions of the Greek Code of Nationality.		
<i>Article 5, paragraph 3</i>		
Greece declares that it may also use the diplomatic channel.		
<i>Article 9, paragraph 4</i>		
Greece declares that it will follow the procedure provided in Article 9.1 b.		
<i>Article 16, paragraph 7</i>		
Greece declares that it requires to be notified of any transit over its territory.		
<i>Article 17, paragraph 3</i>		
Greece declares that requests for transfer and supporting documents must be accompanied by a translation into the Greek language.		
<i>†Declarations [translation]</i>		
a. <i>Article 3, paragraph 3</i>		
Switzerland excludes the application of the procedure provided in Article 9.1 b, whenever it is the administering State.		
b. <i>Article 5, paragraph 3</i>		
Switzerland declares that the Federal Bureau of Police (“Office fédéral de la police”) of the Federal Department of Justice and Police is the competent authority, under Article 5.3, to forward and receive:		
—the information referred to in Article 4, paragraphs 2 to 4;		
—the requests for transfer and the replies referred to in Article 2, paragraph 3 and in Article 5, paragraph 4;		
—the supporting documents referred to in Article 6;		
—the information referred to in Articles 14 and 15;		
—the requests for transit and the replies referred to in Article 16.		
c. <i>Article 6, paragraph 2, subparagraph a</i>		
Switzerland interprets Article 6.2a as meaning that the certified copy of the judgment must be accompanied by a certificate acknowledging its enforceability.		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (continued)</b>		
d. <i>Article 7, paragraph 1</i> Switzerland considers that the consent to the transfer becomes irrevocable as soon as, pursuant to the agreement of the States concerned, the Federal Bureau of Police has decided on the transfer.		
e. <i>Article 17, paragraph 3</i> Switzerland requires that requests for transfer and supporting documents be accompanied by a translation into French, German or Italian, should they not be drafted in one of these languages.		
Note— Declaration contained in a letter from the Permanent Representative of <i>Denmark</i> to the Secretariat General of the Council of Europe, registered on 19 January 1988:		
[ <i>Translation</i> ] In pursuance of Article 20, paragraph 2, the Convention shall apply, with effect from 1st May 1988, to the Faroe Islands. From that date, the Convention shall be applicable to the entire Kingdom of Denmark, with the exception of Greenland.		
<b>PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES</b>		
<b>Convention</b> on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations .. .. .	Adopted London, 13 Feb., 1946	10/1950 Cmd. 7891
Succession— Dominica .. .. .	3 Nov., 1978 (effective date)	
<b>Agreement</b> on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Atomic Energy Agency .. .. .	Vienna, 1 July, 1959	27/1962 Cmd. 1675
Acceptance— Chile (with reservations*) .. .. .	8 Dec., 1987	
*“(a) The Government of Chile enters a reservation to the effect that the privileges and immunities granted to the officials of the International Atomic Energy Agency shall not extend to Chilean nationals serving in Chile as officials of the Agency; (b) The Government of Chile enters a reservation regarding the provisions of Section 4 in the sense that, in accordance with Chilean constitutional practice and domestic law, the property and assets of the International Atomic Energy Agency may be expropriated under a general or special enactment authorizing expropriation on grounds of public importance or national interest, as established by the legislator.”		
<b>REFUGEES</b>		
<b>Convention</b> relating to the Status of Refugees .. .. .	Geneva, 28 July, 1951	39/1954 Cmd. 9171
Accession— Malawi (with reservations and declaration*) .. .. .	10 Dec., 1987	
* <i>Reservations</i>		
“1. <i>In respect of Articles 7, 13, 15, 19, 22, and 24</i> The Government of the Republic of Malawi considers these provisions as recommendations only and not legally binding obligations.		
2. <i>In respect of Article 17</i> The Government of the Republic of Malawi does not consider itself bound to grant a refugee who fulfils any of the conditions		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>REFUGEES (continued)</b>		
set forth in subparagraphs (a) to (c) to paragraph (2) of Article 17 automatic exemption from the obligation to obtain a work permit.		
In respect of Article 17 as a whole, the Government of the Republic of Malawi does not undertake to grant to refugees right of wage-earning employment more favourable than those granted to aliens generally.		
3. <i>In respect of Article 26</i>		
The Government of the Republic of Malawi reserves its right to designate the place or places of residence of the refugees and to restrict their movements whenever considerations of national security or public order so require.		
4. <i>In respect of Article 34</i>		
The Government of the Republic of Malawi is not bound to grant to refugees any more favourable naturalization facilities than are granted, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations, to aliens generally."		
<i>Declaration under Article 1 (B) of the Convention:</i>		
"... the mandatory declaration specifying which of the two meanings in Article 1 (B) (1) a Contracting State applies for the purpose of its obligations under the Convention has been superseded by the provisions of Article 1 of the Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees of 31 January, 1967. Furthermore, the previous dateline would render Malawi's accession nugatory.		
Consequently, and since [the Government of the Republic of Malawi] is simultaneously acceding to the said Protocol, the obligations hereby assumed by the Government of the Republic of Malawi are not limited by the previous dateline or bounded by the concomitant geographic limitation in the Convention."		
On the basis of the above declaration, the Secretary-General has included Malawi in the list of States having chosen formula (b) under section B of Article 1.		
<b>Protocol relating to the Status of Refugees</b> .. .. .	New York, 31 Jan., 1967	15/1969 Cmnd. 3906
Accession—		
Malawi (with declaration*) .. .. .	10 Dec., 1987	
* <i>Declaration in respect of Article IV</i>		
The Government of the Republic of Malawi reiterates its declaration on recognition as compulsory the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice made on 12 December, 1966 in conformity with Article 36 paragraph 2 of the Statute of the Court. In this respect, the Government of the Republic of Malawi regards the phrase "settled by other means" in Article 38 of the Convention and Article IV of the Protocol to be those means stipulated in Article 33 of the Charter of the United Nations.		
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT</b>		
<b>Agreement concerning the Adoption of Uniform Conditions of Approval and Reciprocal Recognition of Approval for Motor Vehicle Equipment and Parts</b> .. .. .	Geneva, 20 Mar., 1958	7/1965 Cmnd. 2535
<b>Regulation No. 1: Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam and/or a driving beam and equipped with filament lamps of category R2</b>		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 2: Uniform provisions concerning the approval of incandescent electric lamps for headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both</b>		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)</b>		
<b>Regulation No. 3:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of reflex reflecting devices for power driven vehicles and their trailers		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 4:</b> Uniform provisions for the approval of devices for the illumination of rear registration plates of motor vehicles (except motor cycles) and their trailers		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 5:</b> Uniform provisions for the approval of motor vehicle "sealed beam" headlamps (SB) emitting a European asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 6:</b> Uniform provisions for the approval of direction indicators for motor vehicles (except motor cycles) and their trailers		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 7:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of front and rear position (side) lamps, stop-lamps and end-outline marker lamps for motor vehicles (except motor cycles) and their trailers		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 8:</b> Uniform provisions for the approval of motor vehicle headlamps emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with Halogen lamps (H <sub>1</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> and H <sub>3</sub> lamps)		
Acceptance Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 10:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to ratio interference suppression		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 11:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the strength of door latches and hinges		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 12:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the protection of the driver against the steering mechanism in the event of impact		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	



ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>Regulation No. 14:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to safety-belt anchorages on passenger cars		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 16:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of safety belts and restraint systems for adult occupants of power-driven vehicles		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 17:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles equipped with regard to the strength of the seats and of their anchorages		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 18:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of power-driven vehicles with regard to their protection against unauthorized use		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 20:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor vehicle headlights emitting an asymmetrical passing beam or a driving beam or both and equipped with Halogen lamps (H <sub>4</sub> lamps)		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 21:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their interior fittings		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 22:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of protective helmets for drivers and passengers of motor cycles and mopeds		
Acceptances— Norway .. .. . Yugoslavia .. .. .	<i>Effective dates</i> 21 Feb., 1988 15 Jan., 1988	
<b>Regulation No. 23:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of reversing lights for power-driven vehicles and their trailers		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 25:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of head restraints (headrests), whether or not incorporated in vehicle seats		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)</b>		
<b>Regulation No. 27:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of advance-warning triangles		
Acceptances—	<i>Effective dates</i>	
Germany, Federal Republic of .. .. .	2 Feb., 1988	
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988	
 <b>Regulation No. 28:</b> Uniform provisions for the approval of audible warning devices and of motor vehicles with regard to their audible signals		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 32:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a rear-end collision		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 33:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the behaviour of the structure of the impacted vehicle in a head-on collision		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 34:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the prevention of fire risks		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 35:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the arrangement of foot controls		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 37:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of incandescent electric filament lamps to be used in approved lights of power-driven vehicles and of their trailers		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 38:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear fog lights for power-driven vehicles and their trailers		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
 <b>Regulation No. 39:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to the speedometer equipment including its installation		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)</b>		
<b>Regulation No. 40:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of motor cycles equipped with a positive-ignition engine with regard to the emission of gaseous pollutants by the engine		
Acceptances—	<i>Effective dates</i>	
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988	
Yugoslavia .. .. .	2 Feb., 1988	
<b>Regulation No. 42:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of vehicles with regard to their front and rear protective devices (bumpers, etc.)		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 44:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of restraining devices for child occupants of power-driven vehicles ("child restraint system")		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 45:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of headlamp cleaners for power-driven vehicles and the approval of vehicles with regard to headlamp cleaners		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 46:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of rear-view mirrors, and of motor vehicles with regard to the installation of rear-view mirrors		
Acceptance—		
The Netherlands .. .. .	4 Dec., 1987 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 47:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of mopeds equipped with a positive-ignition engine with regard to the emission of gaseous pollutants by the engine		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 54:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of pneumatic tyres for commercial vehicles and their trailers		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 58:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of goods vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers with regard to their rear underrun protection		
Acceptance—		
Yugoslavia .. .. .	15 Jan., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 62:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of power-driven vehicles with two-wheels with regard to their protection against unauthorized use		
Acceptance—		
Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>ROAD TRANSPORT (continued)</b>		
<b>Regulation No. 63:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of mopeds with regard to noise		
Acceptance— Yugoslavia .. .. .	15 Jan., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 65:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of special warning lights for motor vehicles		
Acceptance— Norway .. .. .	21 Feb., 1988 (effective date)	
<b>Regulation No. 73:</b> Uniform provisions concerning the approval of goods vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers with regard to their lateral protection		
Proposing Governments The Netherlands and the United Kingdom .. .. .	1 Jan., 1988 (date of entry into force)	
<b>SHIPPING</b>		
<b>International Convention for the Unification of certain Rules concerning the Immunity of State-owned Ships with Supplementary Protocol, 24 May 1934 .. .. .</b>	Brussels, 10 Apr., 1926	15/1980 Cmnd. 7800
Note— On 19 November 1987, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland acceded to the above-mentioned Convention and Supplementary Protocol on behalf of <i>the Bailiwick of Guernsey, the Bailiwick of Jersey and the Isle of Man</i> . The instrument of accession contained the following reservations: "We reserve the right to apply Article 1 of the Convention to any claim in respect of a ship which falls within the Admiralty jurisdiction of Our courts, or of Our courts in any territory in respect of which We are party to the Convention. We reserve the right, with respect to Article 2 of the Convention, to apply in proceedings concerning another High Contracting Party or ship of another High Contracting Party the rules of procedure set out in Chapter II of the European Convention on State Immunity, signed at Basle on the Sixteenth day of May, in the Year of Our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Seventy-two. In order to give effect to the terms of any international agreement with a non-Contracting State, We reserve the right to make special provision (a) as regards the delay or arrest of a ship or cargo belonging to such a State, and (b) to prohibit seizure of or execution against such a ship or cargo."		
<b>International Convention on Load Lines, 1966 .. .. .</b>	London, 5 Apr.— 4 July, 1966	58/1968 Cmnd. 3708
Accession— Burma .. .. .	11 Nov., 1987	
<b>Protocol on Space Requirements for Special Trade Passenger Ships, 1973 .. .. .</b>	London 13 July 1973	7/1980 Cmnd. 7761
Accession— Egypt .. .. .	15 Oct., 1987	
<b>International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974</b>	London, 1 Nov., 1974	46/1980 Cmnd. 7874
Accession to Convention as amended— Burma .. .. .	11 Nov., 1987	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>SHIPPING (continued)</b>		
<b>Athens Convention</b> relating to the Carriage of Passengers and their Luggage by Sea, 1974 .. .. .	Athens, 13 Dec., 1974	40/1987 Cm 202
Ratification— Switzerland .. .. .	15 Dec., 1987	
<b>Protocol of 1978</b> relating to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974, as amended .. .. .	London, 1 June, 1978	40/1981 Cmnd. 8277
Accession— Burma .. .. .	11 Nov., 1987	
<b>International Convention</b> on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978 .. .. .	London, 1 Dec., 1978– 30 Nov., 1979	50/1984 Cmnd. 9266
Ratification— Switzerland .. .. .	15 Dec., 1987	
Accession— Canada (with reservation*) .. .. .	6 Nov., 1987	
<b>*Reservation</b>		
"The Government of Canada reserves its position with regard to the provisions of paragraph 6(d) of the appendix to regulation II/2 and paragraph 16 of the appendix to regulation II/4 in the Annex to the International Convention on Standards of Training, Certification and Watchkeeping for Seafarers, 1978 in respect of the compulsory knowledge of an ability to use the English language. The position of the Government of Canada is that the provisions of those paragraphs which refer to the ability to use navigational publications in English, and the need to have an adequate knowledge of the English language, are not applicable to Canada as there are two official languages in Canada: English and French. Both languages have equal status, consequently candidates for certificates may choose to be examined in either language."		
<b>SPACE</b>		
<b>Convention</b> on International Liability for Damage caused by Space Objects .. .. .	London Moscow and Washington, 29 Mar., 1972	16/1974 Cmnd. 5551
Declaration of acceptance under Article XXII deposited in Washington— European Telecommunications Satellite Organization (EUTELSAT) .. .. .	25 Jan., 1988	
<b>TELECOMMUNICATIONS</b>		
<b>European Agreement</b> for the Prevention of Broadcasts transmitted from Stations outside National Territories	Strasbourg, 22 Jan., 1965	1/1968 Cmnd. 3497
Ratification— Spain .. .. .	10 Feb., 1988	
<b>Convention</b> on the International Maritime Satellite Organization (INMARSAT) with Operating Agreement .. .. .	London, 3 Sept., 1976	94/1979 Cmnd. 7722
Accessions to the Convention and Operating Agreement—		
Colombia .. .. .	28 Oct., 1987	
Israel .. .. .	13 Oct., 1987	
Nigeria .. .. .	23 Feb., 1988	
Panama .. .. .	26 Oct., 1987	
Peru .. .. .	30 Oct., 1987	

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>TELECOMMUNICATIONS (continued)</b>		
<b>International Telecommunication Convention</b> .. .. .	Nairobi, 6 Nov., 1982	33/1985 Cmnd. 9557
Ratifications—		
Guinea .. .. .	11 Jan., 1988	
Nepal .. .. .	4 Jan., 1988	
Tonga .. .. .	11 Jan., 1988	
Accession—		
Bahamas .. .. .	5 Feb., 1988	
<b>TERRORISM</b>		
<b>International Convention against the Taking of Hostages</b> ..	New York 18 Dec., 1979	81/1983 Cmnd. 9100
Ratification—		
Greece .. .. .	18 June, 1987	
Accessions—		
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic (with reservation and declaration*) .. .. .	1 July, 1987	
Mexico (with declaration†) .. .. .	28 Apr., 1987	
Soviet Union (with reservation and declaration**) ..	11 June, 1987	
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (with reservation and declaration***) .. .. .	19 June, 1987	
<p>*<i>Reservation and declaration [translation].</i> The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic does not consider itself bound by Article 16, paragraph 1, of the International Convention against the Taking of Hostages and declares that, in order for any dispute between parties to the Convention concerning the interpretation or application thereof to be referred to arbitration or to the International Court of Justice, the consent of all parties to the dispute must be secured in each individual case.</p> <p>The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic condemns international terrorism, which takes the lives of innocent people, constitutes a threat to their freedom and personal inviolability and destabilizes the international situation, whatever the motives used to explain terrorist actions. Accordingly, the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic considers that Article 9, paragraph 1, of the Convention should be applied in a manner consistent with the stated aims of the Convention, which include the development of international co-operation in adopting effective measures for the prevention, prosecution and punishment of all acts of hostage-taking as manifestations of international terrorism through, <i>inter alia</i>, the extradition of alleged offenders.</p>		
<p>†<i>Declaration [translation]</i> In relation to Article 16, the United Mexican States adhere to the scope and limitations established by the Government of Mexico on 7 November 1945, at the time when it ratified the Charter of the United Nations and the Statute of the International Court of Justice.</p>		
<p>**<i>Reservation and declaration identical in substance, mutatis mutandis, as those made by the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic.</i></p>		
<p>***<i>Reservation and declaration identical in substance, mutatis mutandis, as those made by the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic.</i></p>		
<b>TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS</b>		
<i>See UNITED STATES OF AMERICA</i>		

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<b>UNITED STATES OF AMERICA</b>		
Exchange of Letters constituting a Narcotics Agreement with respect to the Turks and Caicos Islands .. .. .	Washington, 18 Sept., 1986	20/1987 Cm 136
By an Exchange of Notes at Washington on 20 January 1988 the above Agreement was extended for a period of six months. The Exchange of Notes entered into effect on 21 January 1988.		
<b>Supplementary Treaty</b> signed at Washington on 25 June 1985 as amended by an Exchange of Notes signed at Washington on 19 and 20 August 1986 concerning the Extradition Treaty signed at London on 8 June 1972 with an Exchange of Notes concerning Hong Kong .. .. .	London, 23 Dec., 1986	6/1988 Cm 294
By an Exchange of Notes at London on 31 December 1987 the above Supplementary Treaty was applied to Hong Kong with effect from 1 January 1988.		
<b>UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION</b>		
<b>Constitution</b> of the Universal Postal Union .. .. .	Vienna, 10 July, 1964	70/1966 Cmnd. 3141
Accession— St. Christopher and Nevis .. .. .	26 Nov., 1987	
<b>Additional Protocol</b> to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union .. .. .	Tokyo, 14 Nov., 1969	72/1973 Cmnd. 5358
Accession— St. Christopher and Nevis .. .. .	26 Nov., 1987	
<b>Second Additional Protocol</b> to the Constitution of the Universal Postal Union .. .. .	Lausanne, 5 July, 1974	56/1976 Cmnd. 6539
Accession— St. Christopher and Nevis .. .. .	26 Nov., 1987	
<b>WHALING</b>		
<b>International Convention</b> for the Regulation of Whaling ..	Washington, 2 Dec., 1946	5/1949 Cmd. 7604
Withdrawal— Belize .. .. .	30 June, 1988 (effective date)	
<b>ZAMBIA</b>		
The British Expatriates Supplementation (Zambia) Agreement 1981 ( <i>see also</i> Treaty Series No. 36 (1987), Cm 196 p. 19 and Treaty Series No. 47 (1987), Cm 217, p. 30) .. .. .	Lusaka, 19 Mar.– 14 Aug., 1981	6/1982 Cmnd. 8487
By an Exchange of Notes at Lusaka on 17/28 September 1987 the above Agreement was further amended as follows: “ in sub-paragraph 4 of the first paragraph delete the words and figures ‘30 September 1987’ and substitute therefor ‘31 March 1988’ ”.		
The Exchange of Notes, which entered into force on 30 September 1987, shall be cited together with the Agreement as the ‘British Expatriates Supplementation (Zambia) (Continuance) Agreement 1981/1987 (No. 2)’.		
The Overseas Service (Zambia) Agreement 1981 ( <i>see also</i> Treaty Series No. 67 (1986), Cm 61, p. 18, Treaty Series No. 36 (1987), Cm 196, p. 20 and Treaty Series No. 47 (1987), Cm 217, p. 31).	Lusaka, 19 Mar.– 14 Aug., 1981	89/1981 Cmnd. 8432

	<i>Date</i>	<i>Treaty Series and Command Nos.</i>
<p><b>ZAMBIA (continued)</b></p> <p>By an Exchange of Notes at Lusaka on 17/28 September 1987 the above Agreement was further amended as follows: by deleting the words and figures "30 September 1987" and substituting therefor the words and figures "31 March 1988" in sub-paragraph 4 of the first paragraph. The Exchange of Notes, which entered into force on 30 September 1987, shall be cited together with the Agreement as the "Overseas Services (Zambia) (Continuance) Agreement 1981/1987 (No. 2)".</p>		